## Mrs. Rayman's 6th Grade Math Weekly Lesson Plans

Unit 4 Common Core State Standards
6.EE. 1 Write and evaluate numerical expressions involving whole-number exponents.
6.EE. 2 Write, read, and evaluate expressions in which letters stand for numbers.
6.EE.2c Evaluate expressions at specific values of their variables. Include expressions that arise from formulas used in real-world problems. Perform arithmetic operations, including those involving whole-number exponents, in the conventional order when there are no parentheses to specify a particular order (Order of Operations)
6.EE. 3 Apply the properties of operations to generate equivalent expressions.
6.EE. 4 Identify when two expressions are equivalent (i.e. when the two expressions name the same number regardless of which value is substituted into them).

## Unit 4 Essential Questions:

- How can one use algebraic symbols to write equations and inequalities representing real-world situations?
- How can one solve one-step equations and use substitution to determine if a given value is a solution?


## Number Sense:

- Ways to make an equivalent expression
- Ways to make a solution
- Always, sometimes, never
- What's my rule?


## Monday Engage NY Lesson 4-1 \& 4-2

Objective: Students build and clarify the relationship of addition and subtraction by evaluating identities such as $w-x+x=w$ and $w+x-x=w$
Students build and clarify the relationship of multiplication and division by evaluating identities such $a s a / b x b=a \operatorname{and} a \times b / b=a$.
Agenda:

1. Warm up: Fraction/Percent of the Day AND Video: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=I3XzepN03KQ
2. Classwork: Engage NY Lesson 4-1 and 4-2
3. Homework: Engage NY Lesson 4-1 \& 4-2 Problem Set/Homework

## Tuesday Engage NY Lesson 4-3 \& 4-4

Objective: Students build and clarify the relationship of multiplication and addition by evaluating identities such as $3 \times \mathrm{g}=\mathrm{g}+\mathrm{g}+\mathrm{g}$
Students build and clarify the relationship of division and subtraction by determining that $12 / x=4$ means $12-x-x-x-x=0$ Agenda:
4. Warm up: Fraction/Percent of the Day AND Video:
5. Classwork: Engage NY Lesson 4-3 and 4-4
6. Homework: Engage NY Lesson 4-3 \& 4-4 Problem Set/Homework

## Wednesday Engage NY Lesson 4-5

Objective: Students discover that $3 x=x+x+x$ is NOT the same thing as $x^{\wedge} 3$. Which is $x^{*} x^{*} x$ Students understand that a base number can be represented with a positive whole number, positive fraction, or positive decimal and that for any number $a$, $a^{\wedge} m$ is defined as the product of $m$ factors of $a$. The number $a$ is the base, and $m$ is called the exponent or power of $a$.

Agenda:
7. Warm up: Fraction/Percent of the Day AND Video: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZJDb7E6aCrA
8. Classwork: Engage NY Lesson 4-5
9. Homework: Engage NY Lesson 4-5 Problem Set/Homework

## Thursday Engage NY Lesson 4-6

Objective: Students evaluate numerical expressions. They recognize that in the absence of parentheses, exponents are evaluated first. Agenda:

1. Warm up: Fraction/Percent of the Day AND Video: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=S3IEeCyUWWA
2. Classwork: Engage NY Lesson 4-6
3. Homework: Engage NY Lesson 4-6 Problem Set/Homework

## Friday Engage NY Lesson 4-7

Objective: Students understand that a letter represents one number in an expression. When that number replaces the letter, the expression can be evaluated to one number.
Agenda:

1. Warm up: Fraction/Percent of the Day
2. Classwork: Engage NY Lesson 4-7
3. Exit Ticket: Rate/Evaluate how you performed in math class today.
4. Homework: Engage NY Lesson 4-7 Homework/Problem Set

| Mrs. Rayman's Daily Instructional Plan- Grade 6 Math |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Monday | Tuesday | Wednesday | Thursday | Friday |
| Accessing Prior Knowledge Where are your students headed? Where have they been? How will you make sure the students know where they are going? | Warm up: Fraction/Percent of the Day AND Video: | Warm up: Fraction/Percent of the Day AND Video: | Warm up: Fraction/Percent of the Day AND Video: | Warm up: Fraction/Percent of the Day AND Video: | Warm up: Fraction/Percent of the Day AND Video: |
| Guided Practice - What events will help students experience and explore the big idea and questions in the unit? How will you equip them with needed skills and knowledge? | Direct Instruction: Engage NY Lesson 4-1 \& 4-2 | Direct Instruction: Engage NY Lessons $4-3 \& 4-4$ | Direct Instruction: Engage NY Lesson 4-5 Examples 1-2 and Exercises 1-6 | Direct Instruction: <br> Engage NY <br> Lesson 4-6 <br> Examples 1-2 and Exercises 1-6 | Direct Instruction: Engage NY Lesson 4-7 |
| Independent Practice - How will you cause students to reflect and rethink? How will you guide them in rehearsing, revising, and refining their work? How will students work together to ensure mastery for all? | Student Notes and Homework: <br> Engage NY Lesson 4-1 \& 4-2 Problem Set/Homework | Student Notes and Homework: <br> Engage NY Lesson 4-3 \& 4-4 Problem Set/Homework | Student Notes and Homework: <br> Engage NY Lesson 4-5 Problem Set/Homework | Student Notes and Homework: <br> Engage NY Lesson 4-6 Problem Set/Homework | Student Notes and Homework: <br> Engage NY Lesson 4-7 Problem Set/Homework |
| Assessing Knowledge - How will you help students to exhibit and self-evaluate their growing skills, knowledge, and understanding throughout the unit? | Exit Tickets and Teacher Observations | Exit Tickets and Teacher Observations | Exit Tickets and Teacher Observations | Exit Tickets and Teacher Observations | Exit Tickets and Teacher Observations |
| Differentiation/ Accommodatio <br> n - How will you tailor and otherwise personalize the learning plan to optimize the engagement and effectiveness of ALL students, without compromising the goals of the unit? | Pre written vocabulary \& notes, extended time, preferential seating, reduced assignments | Pre written vocabulary \& notes, extended time, preferential seating, reduced assignments | Pre written vocabulary \& notes, extended time, preferential seating, reduced assignments | Pre written vocabulary \& notes, extended time, preferential seating, reduced assignments | Pre written vocabulary \& notes, extended time, preferential seating, reduced assignments |
| Learner Outcome - How will students demonstrate, as a result of lesson, their level of mastery? <br> - Understand <br> - Know <br> - Do | Students build and clarify the relationship of addition and subtraction by evaluating identities such as $w-x+x=w$ and $w+x-x=w$ <br> Students build and clarify the relationship of multiplication and division by evaluating identities such as $a / b \times b=a$ and $a \times b / b$ $=a$. | Students build and clarify the relationship of multiplication and addition by evaluating identities such as $3 \times \mathrm{g}=\mathrm{g}+\mathrm{g}+$ g Students build and clarify the relationship of division and subtraction by determining that $12 / x=4$ means $12-x-x-x-x=$ 0 | Students discover that $3 x=x$ $+x+x$ is NOT the same thing as $x^{\wedge} 3$. Which is $x^{*} x$ * $x$ Students understand that a base number can be represented with a positive whole number, positive fraction, or positive decimal and that for any number a, $a^{\wedge} m$ is defined as the product of $m$ factors of $a$. The number a is the base, and $m$ is called the exponent or power of a. | Students evaluate numerical expressions. They recognize that in the absence of parentheses, exponents are evaluated first. | Students understand that a letter represents one number in an expression. When that number replaces the letter, the expression can be evaluated to one number. |

Mrs. Rayman's 6th Grade Advanced Math

## Unit 4 Common Core State Standards

| 6.EE. 1 Write and |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| evaluate numerical |
| expressions |
| involving |
| whole-number |
| exponents. |$\quad$| 6.EE.2 Write, read, and |
| :--- |
| evaluate expressions in |
| which letters stand for |
| numbers. |$\quad$| 6.EE.2c Evaluate expressions at specific |
| :--- |
| values of their variables. Include |
| expressions that arise from formulas used |
| in real-world problems. Perform |
| arithmetic operations, including those |
| involving whole-number exponents, in the |
| conventional order when there are no |
| parentheses to specify a particular order |
| (Order of Operations) |$\quad$| 6.EE.Apply <br> the properties of <br> operations to <br> generate <br> equivalent <br> expressions. |
| :--- | | 6.EE.4 Identify when |
| :--- |
| two expressions are |
| equivalent (i.e. when |
| the two expressions |
| name the same number |
| regardless of which |
| value is substituted into |
| them). |

## Unit 4 Essential Questions:

- How can one use algebraic symbols to write equations and inequalities representing real-world situations?
- How can one solve one-step equations and use substitution to determine if a given value is a solution?


## Number Sense:

- Ways to make an equivalent expression
- Ways to make a solution
- Always, sometimes, never
- What's my rule?


## Monday Engage NY Lesson 4-19

Objective: Students develop expressions involving addition and subtraction from real-world problems. Students evaluate these expressions for given values.
Agenda:

1. Warm up: Fraction/Percent of the Day AND Video:
2. Classwork: Engage NY Lesson 4-19 Examples 1-2 and Exercises 1-9
3. Homework: Engage NY Lesson 4-19 Problem Set/Homework

## Monday Engage NY Lesson 4-20

Objective: Students develop expressions involving multiplication and division from real-world problems. Students evaluate these expressions for given values.

Agenda:

1. Warm up: Fraction/Percent of the Day AND Video:
2. Classwork: Engage NY Lesson 4-20
3. Homework: Engage NY Lesson 4-20 Problem Set/Homework

## Tuesday Engage NY Lesson 4-21

Objective: Students develop formulas involving multiplication and addition from real-world problems. Students evaluate these formulas for given values.

Agenda:

1. Warm up: Fraction/Percent of the Day AND Video:
2. Classwork: Engage NY Lesson 4-21
3. Homework: Engage NY Lesson 4-21 Problem Set/Homework

## Wednesday Engage NY Lesson 4-23

Objective: Students explain what the equality and inequality symbols including $=,<,>$, represent. They determine if a number sentence is true or false based on the given symbol.

Agenda:

1. Warm up: Fraction/Percent of the Day AND Video:
2. Classwork: Engage NY Lesson 4-23
3. Homework: Engage NY Lesson 4-23 Problem Set/Homework

## Thursday Engage NY Lesson 4-24

Objective: Students identify values for the variables in equations and inequalities that result in true and false number sentences.

## Agenda:

4. Warm up: Fraction/Percent of the Day AND Video:
5. Classwork: Engage NY Lesson 4-24
6. Homework: Engage NY Lesson 4-24 Problem Set/Homework

## Friday Engage NY Lesson 4-25

Objective: Students learn the definition of solution in the context of placing a value into a variable to see if that value makes the equation true.

## Agenda:

7. Warm up: Fraction/Percent of the Day AND Video:
8. Classwork: Engage NY Lesson 4-25
9. Homework: Engage NY Lesson 4-25 Problem Set/Homework

## Mrs. Rayman's Daily Instructional Plan- Grade 6 Advanced Math

|  | Monday | Tuesday | Wednesday | Thursday | Friday |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Accessing Prior Knowledge Where are your students headed? Where have they been? How will you make sure the students know where they are going? | Warm up: Fraction/Percent of the Day AND Video: | Warm up: Fraction/Percent of the Day AND Video: | Warm up: Fraction/Percent of the Day AND Video: | Warm up: Fraction/Percent of the Day AND Video: | Warm up: Fraction/Percent of the Day AND Video: |
| Guided Practice - What events will help students experience and explore the big idea and questions in the unit? How will you equip them with needed skills and knowledge? | Direct Instruction: Engage NY Lesson 4-19 | Direct Instruction: Engage NY Lesson 4-20 | Direct Instruction: Engage NY Lesson 4-21 Examples 1-2 and Exercises 1-6 | Direct Instruction: Engage NY Lesson 4-24 Examples 1-2 and Exercises 1-6 | Direct Instruction: Engage NY Lesson 4-25 |
| Independent Practice - How will you cause students to reflect and rethink? How will you guide them in rehearsing, revising, and refining their work? How will students work together to ensure mastery for all? | Student Notes and Homework: <br> Engage NY Lesson 4-19 Problem Set/Homework | Student Notes and Homework: <br> Engage NY Lesson 4-20 Problem Set/Homework | Student Notes and Homework: <br> Engage NY Lesson 4-21 Problem Set/Homework | Student Notes and Homework: <br> Engage NY Lesson 4-24 Problem Set/Homework | Student Notes and Homework: <br> Engage NY Lesson 4-25 Problem Set/Homework |
| Assessing Knowledge - How will you help students to exhibit and self-evaluate their growing skills, knowledge, and understanding throughout the unit? | Exit Tickets and Teacher Observations | Exit Tickets and Teacher Observations | Exit Tickets and <br> Teacher Observations | Exit Tickets and Teacher Observations | Exit Tickets and Teacher Observations |
| Differentiation/Accommodation <br> How will you tailor and otherwise personalize the learning plan to optimize the engagement and effectiveness of ALL students, without compromising the goals of the unit? | Pre written vocabulary \& notes, extended time, preferential seating, reduced assignments | Pre written vocabulary \& notes, extended time, preferential seating, reduced assignments | Pre written <br> vocabulary \& notes, <br> extended time, <br> preferential seating, <br> reduced <br> assignments | Pre written vocabulary \& notes, extended time, preferential seating, reduced assignments | Pre written vocabulary \& notes, extended time, preferential seating, reduced assignments |
| Learner Outcome - How will students demonstrate, as a result of lesson, their level of mastery? <br> - Understand <br> - Know <br> - Do | Students develop expressions involving addition and subtraction from real-world problems. Students evaluate these expressions for given values. | Students develop expressions involving multiplication and division from real-world problems. Students evaluate these expressions for given values. | Students develop formulas involving multiplication and addition from real-world problems. Students evaluate these formulas for given values. | Students identify values for the variables in equations and inequalities that result in true and false number sentences. | Students learn the definition of solution in the context of placing a value into a variable to see if that value makes the equation true. |

